

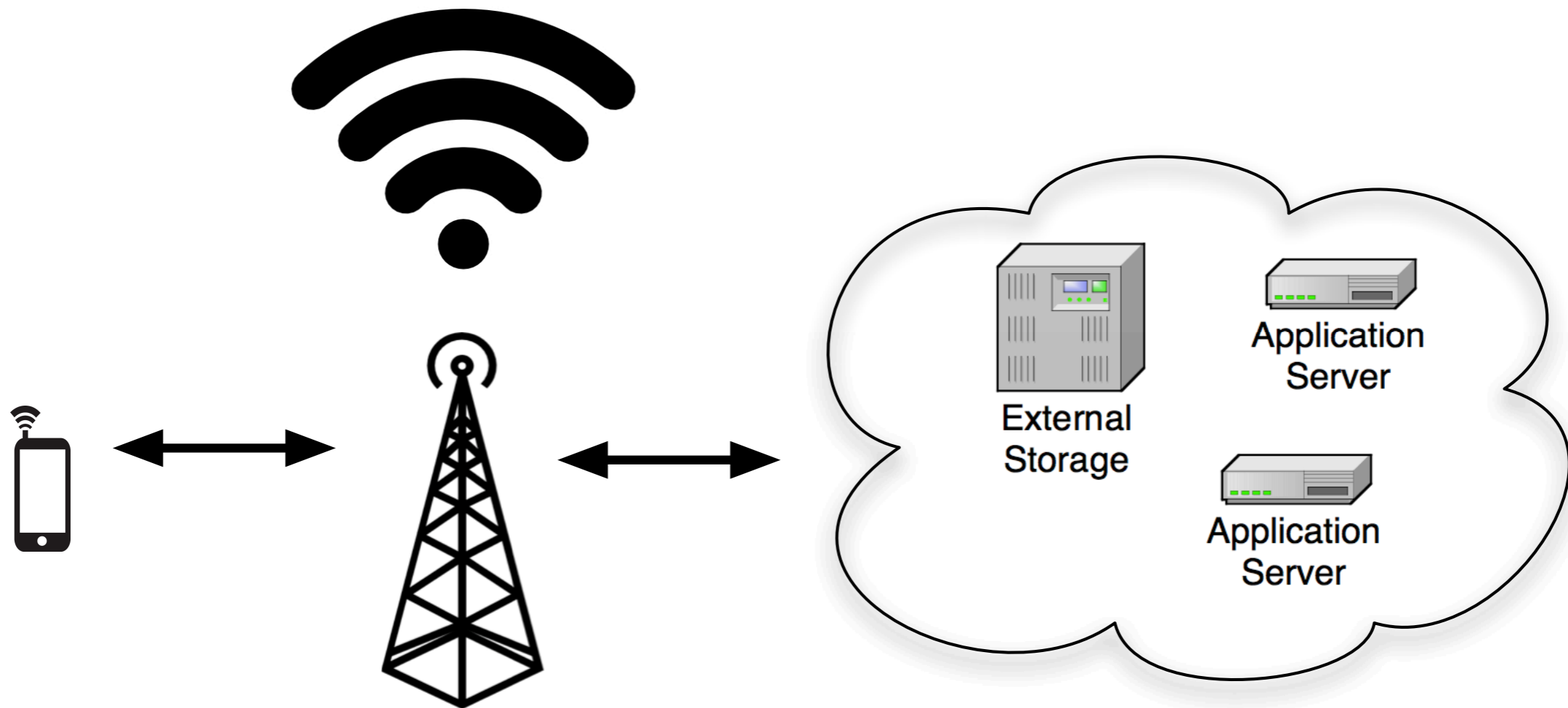
# *Ready, Set, Go:* Coalesced Offloading from Mobile Devices to the Cloud

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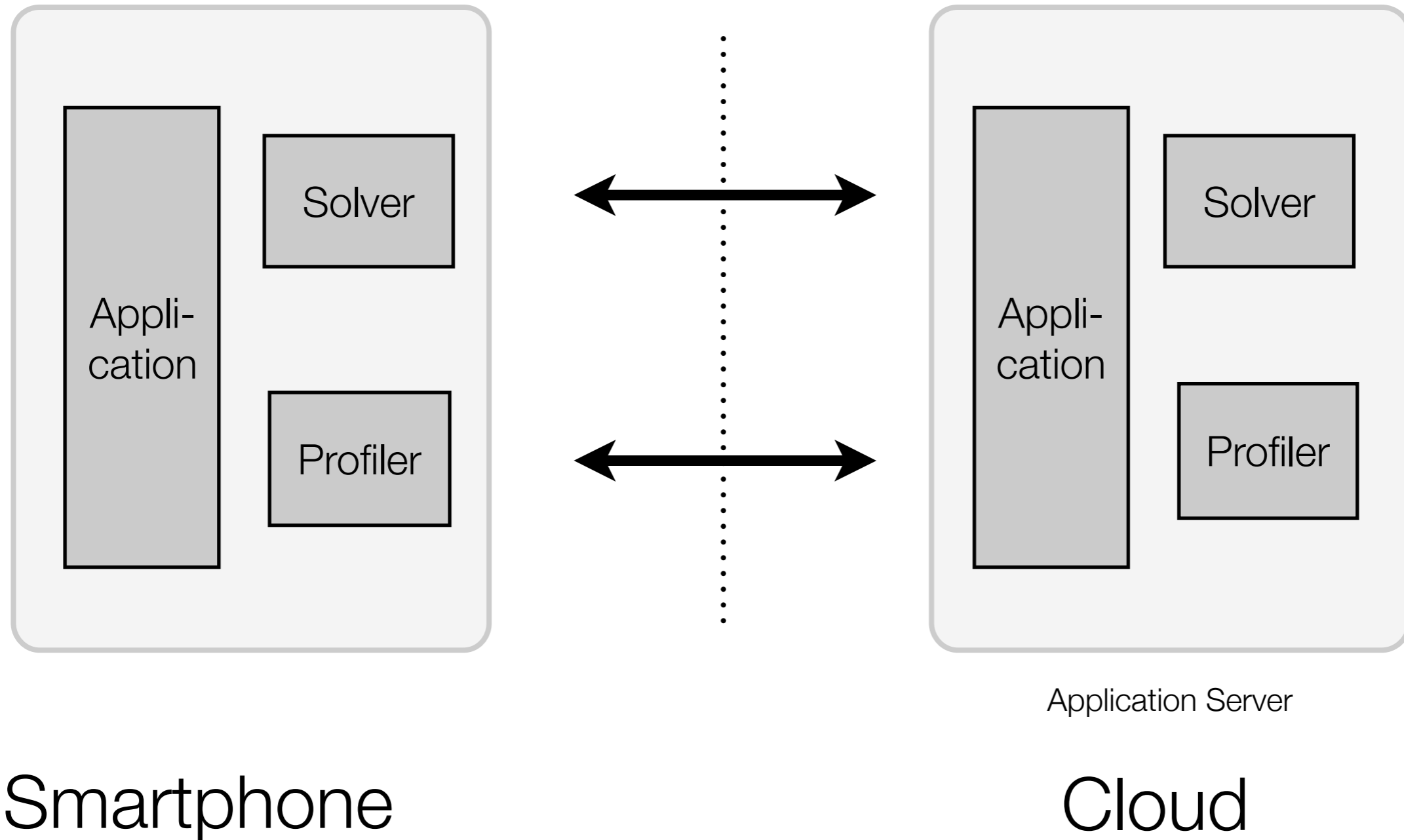
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University of Toronto  
May 1st, 2014

# Remote execution

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# Code offloading

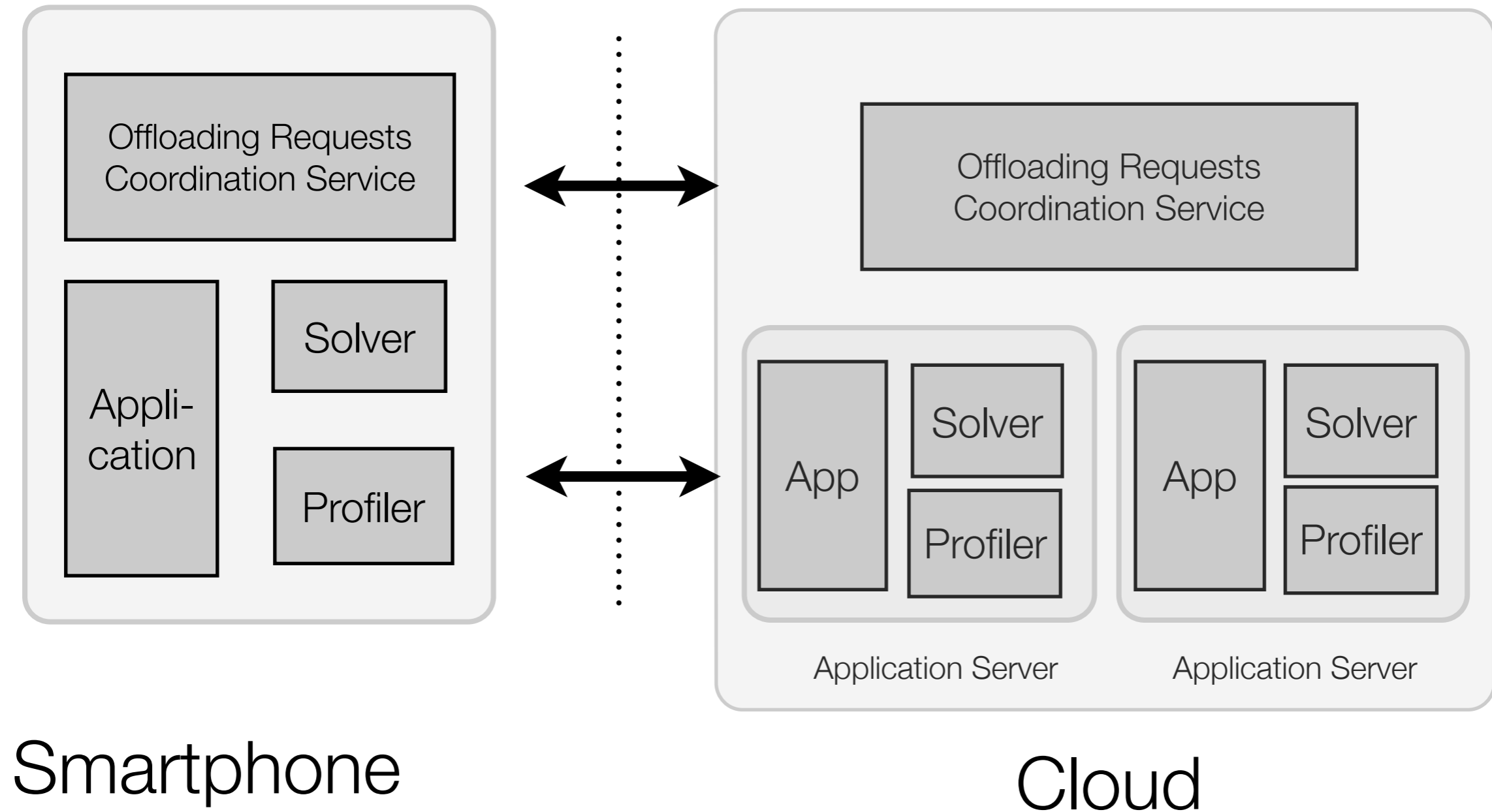


# Tail time phenomenon

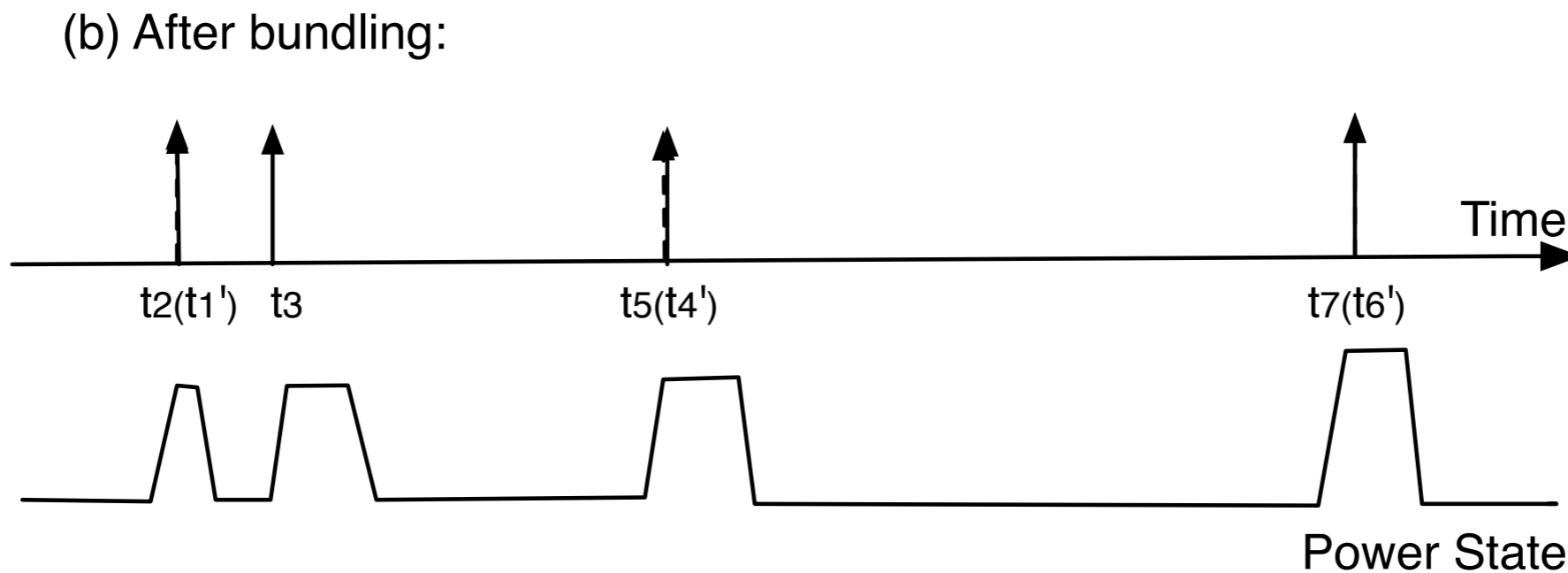
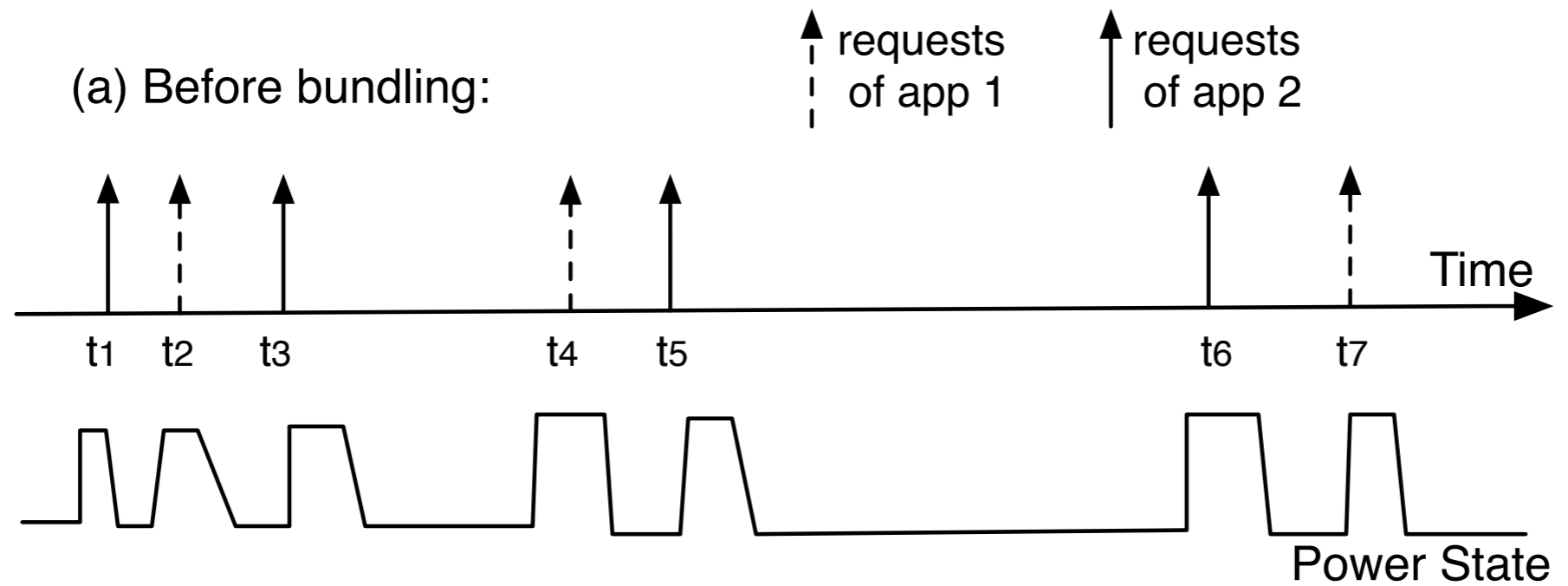
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- ▶ When multiple applications send their offloading requests without coordination, network interface enters at high-power state at arbitrary times.

# Coalesced Offloading

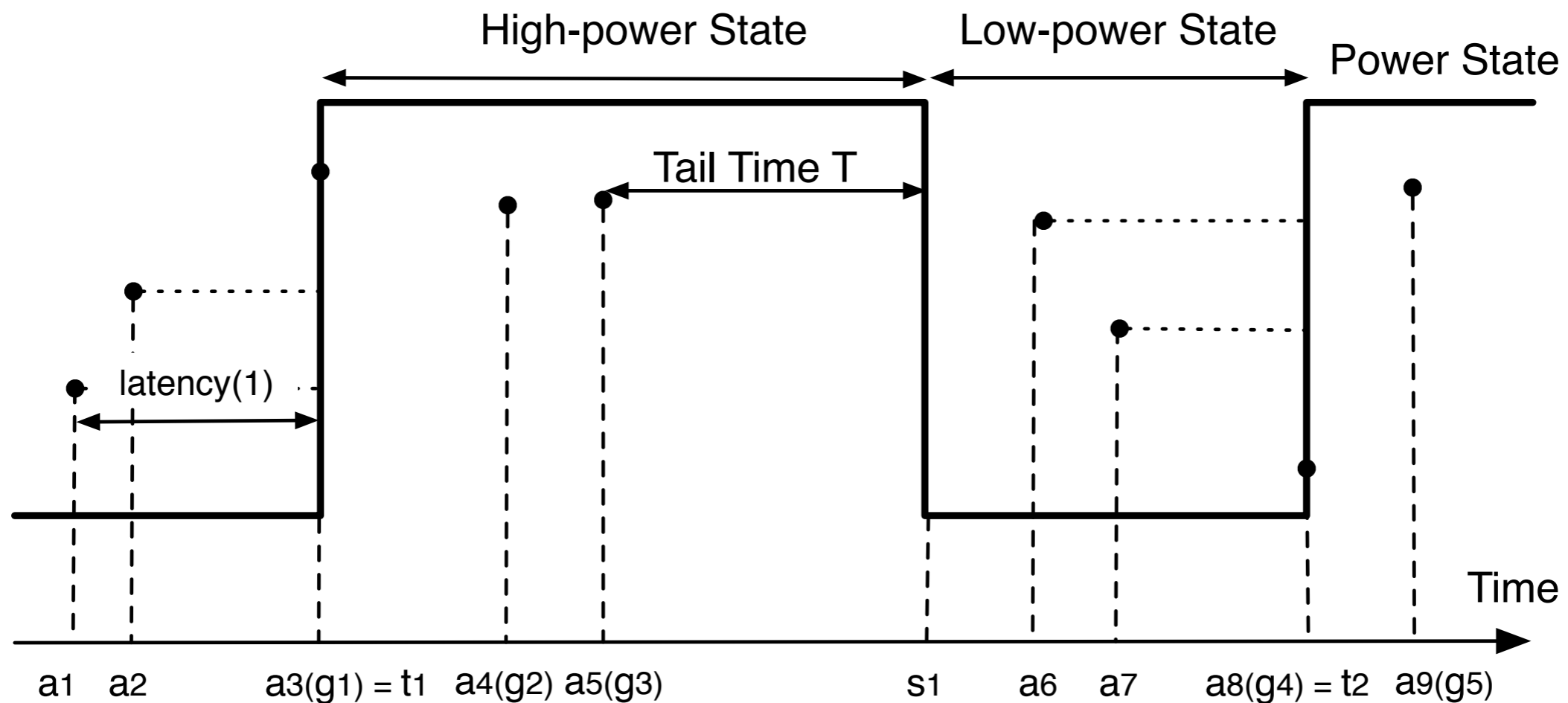


# Coalesced Offloading



# Problem Formulation

- ▶ Assume that  $M$  applications, generating requests at  $a_1, a_2, \dots$ . The requests are granted at  $g_1, g_2, \dots$ .



# Problem Formulation

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- ▶ Energy cost function  $\simeq \sum_j \min\{g_j - g_{j-1}, T\}$
- ▶ Latency cost function  $= \sum_j \sum_{\substack{a_i \text{ s.t.} \\ g_{j-1} \leq a_i \leq g_j}} (g_j - a_i)$
- ▶ The joint optimization problem is as follows:

$$\min f_{\text{cost}} = \sum_j \min\{g_j - g_{j-1}, T\} + \alpha \sum_j \sum_{\substack{a_i \text{ s.t.} \\ g_{j-1} \leq a_i \leq g_j}} (g_j - a_i)$$



How to solve the problem?

# RSG Solutions

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- ▶ **Optimal offline** algorithm:
  - ▶ With the arrival time sequence  $a_1, a_2, \dots, a_n$  known *a priori*.
- ▶ **Online** algorithms.
  - ▶ Without *a priori* knowledge of the arrival time sequence.

# RSG Offline Solution

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- ▶ For request  $a_i$ ,

$$f_{\text{cost}}^i = \begin{cases} \min\{a_i - g_{\text{prev}}, T\}, & \text{if granted,} \\ \alpha(g_{\text{next}} - a_i), & \text{if delayed.} \end{cases}$$

- ▶ For  $2^n$  Combinations of binary transmission sequence, we should:

$$\min f_{\text{cost}} = \sum_{i=1}^n f_{\text{cost}}^i$$

- ▶ The problem is transformed from **continuous-time** to **discrete-time** formulation.

What if we don't know the entire input sequence?

# Our Results

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- ▶ Algorithm  $A_1$  is *2-competitive*.
- ▶ The competitive ratio between the expected cost incurred by  $A$  and the optimal cost is  $e/(e-1)$ .
- ▶ RSG Online Algorithm have the optimal competitive ratio.

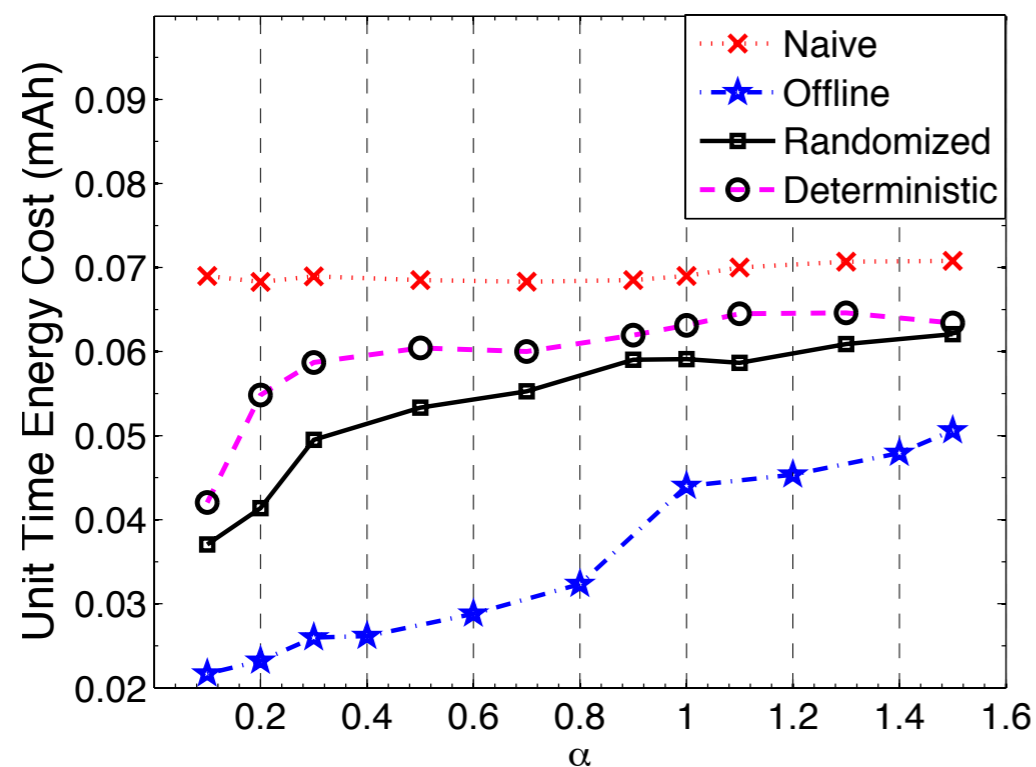
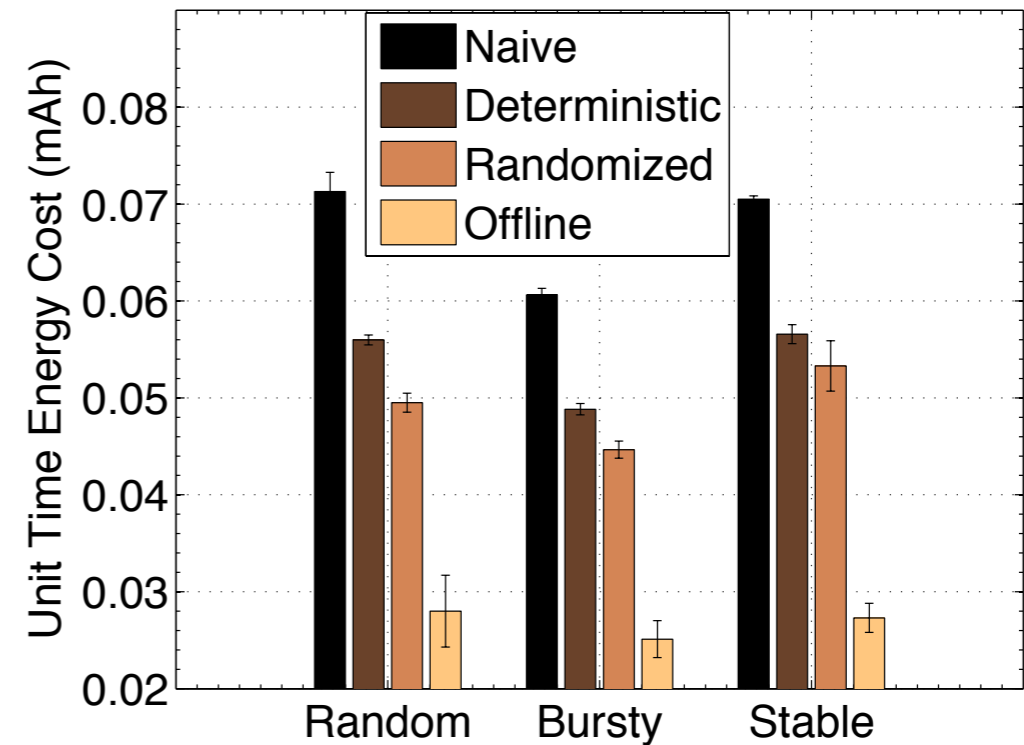
# Performance Evaluation

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- ▶ Measuring the Tail Time (on iPhone 3GS, Bell Mobility 3G network)
  - ▶ Transmitting successive packets of equal size with constant transmission intervals.
- ▶ Model-driven Simulations
  - ▶ Simulating the timing of multiple offloading requests from several simultaneously running applications.
- ▶ Real-world Experiments

# Experiment Results

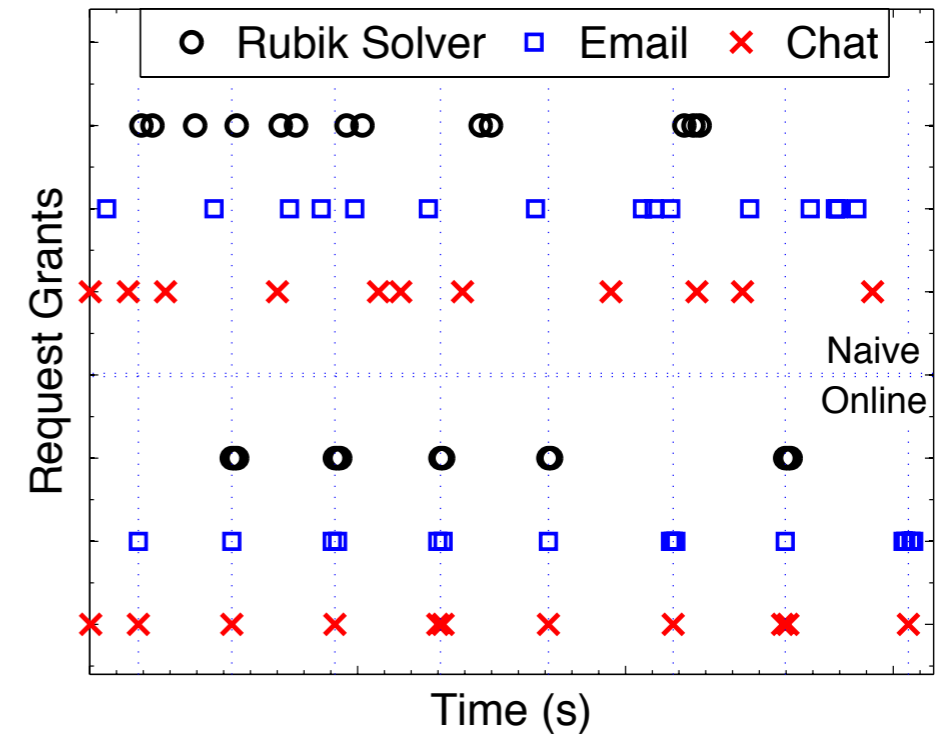
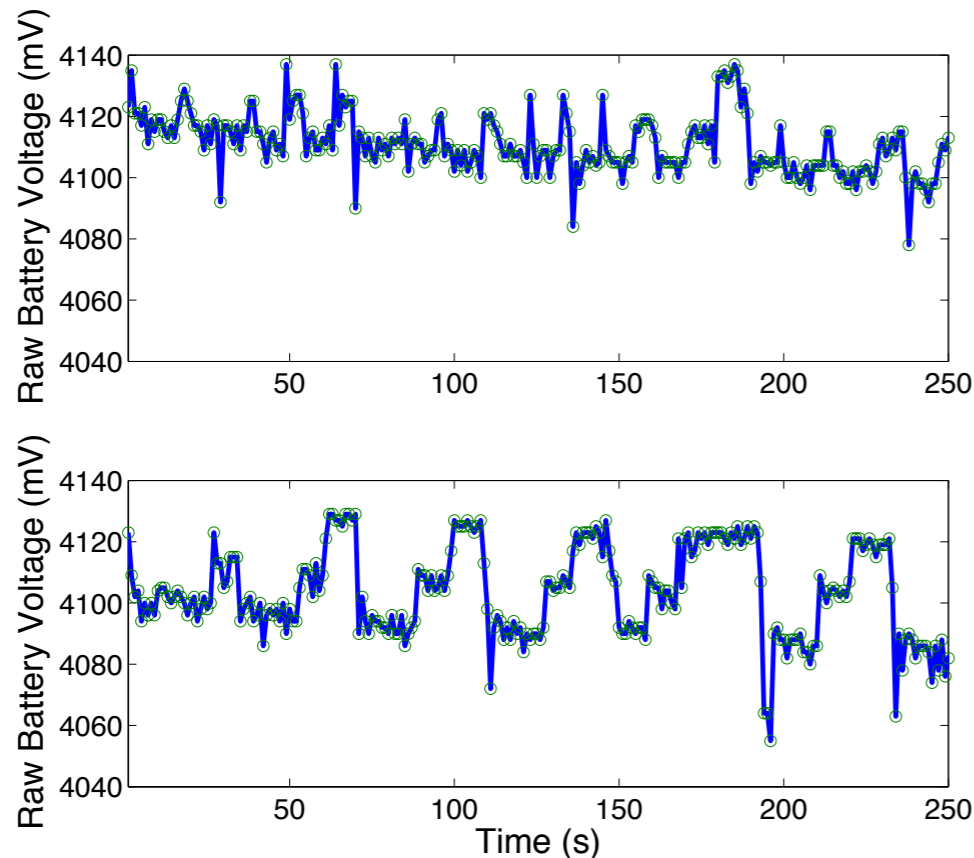
Energy consumption with different types of requests



Energy consumption with varying alpha

# Experiment Results

Real requests on mobile device  
w/o RSG solutions



Battery Voltage Change on  
mobile device w/o RSG  
solutions



# Conclusions

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- ▶ By bundling the offloading requests of multiple applications, we achieve greater energy savings while maintaining satisfactory performance.
- ▶ The RSG online algorithm achieves the best possible competitive ratio.

Thank you.