

Tack: Learning Towards Contextual and Ephemeral Indoor Localization With Crowdsourcing

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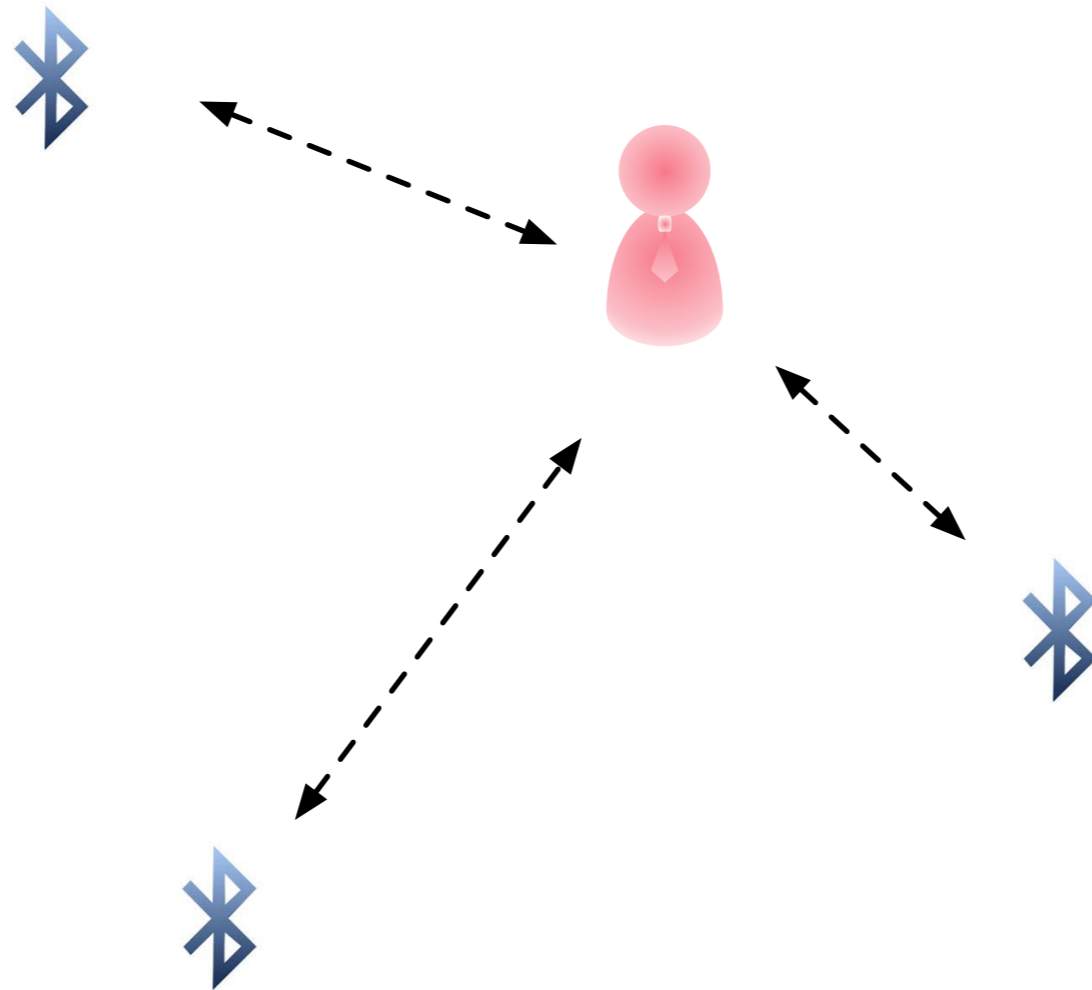
Nov. 24, 2017

Indoor Localization

- ▶ Traditional localization infrastructure is costly.
- ▶ Most user devices are common smartphones.
- ▶ We want **accurate** and **cheap** indoor localization solutions!

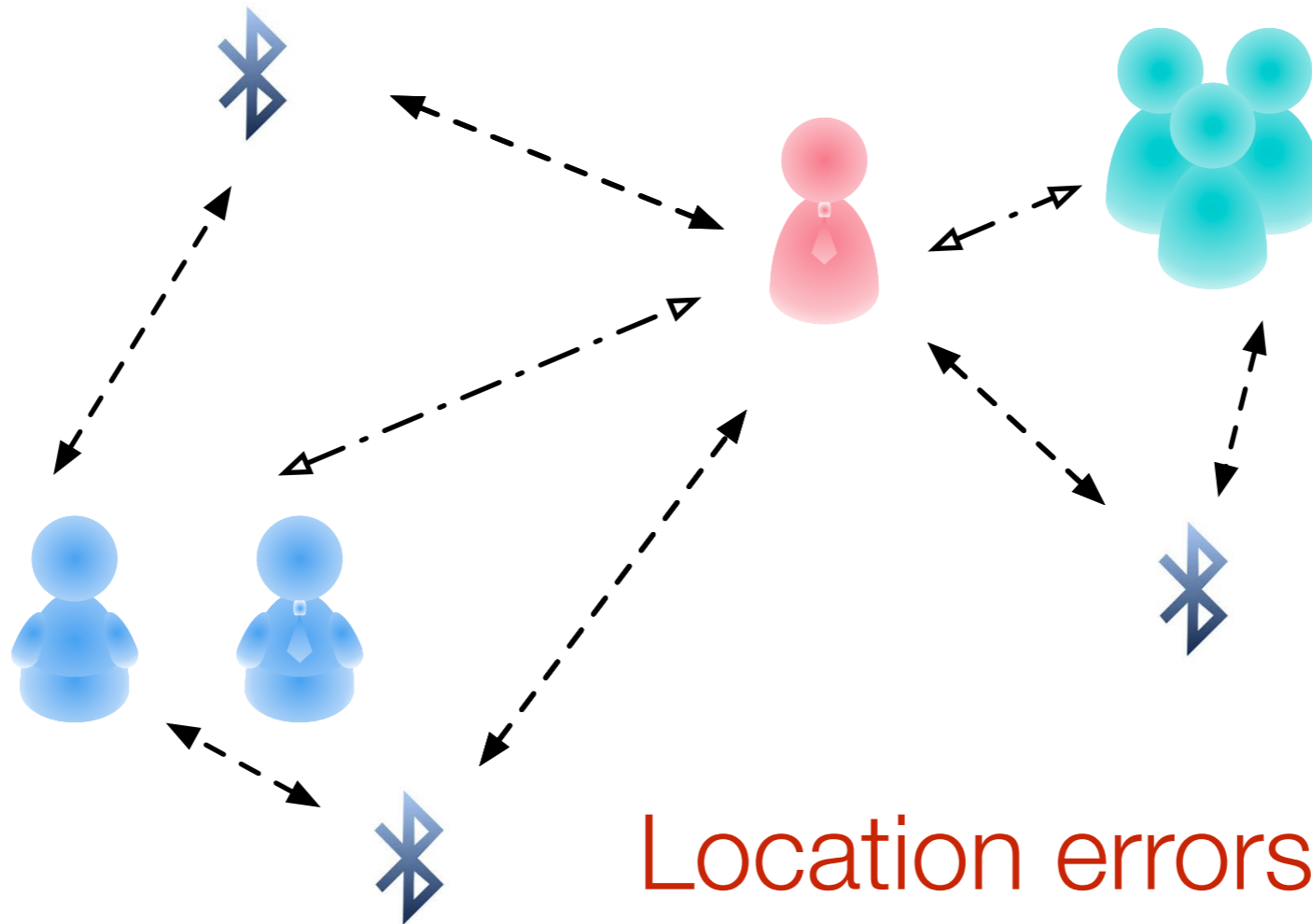
Localize by Bluetooth Signals

- ▶ Bluetooth transmitters (<10\$, 50+m range)
- ▶ Users detect Bluetooth signals for positioning.



Localize by Crowdsourcing

- ▶ Use encountering info to further enhance accuracy.



Probabilistic Inference

- ▶ User/Bluetooth transmitter **locations** as clear nodes, and their **encountering** state with other users/transmitters as dark nodes.



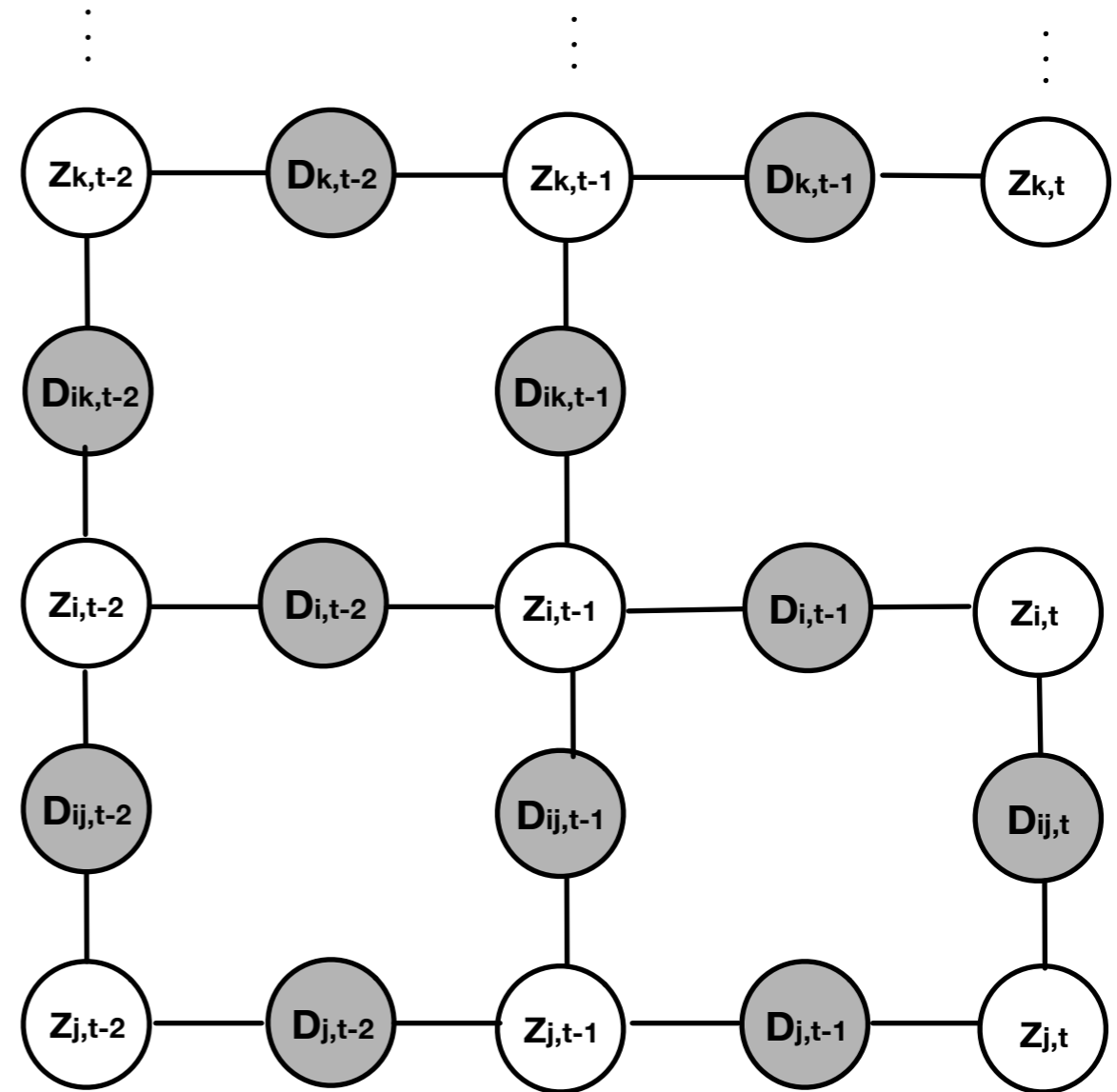
Probabilistic Inference

- ▶ Update the **most likely position** of the clear nodes repeatedly with **probabilities conditioned on the state** of dark nodes.



Probabilistic Inference

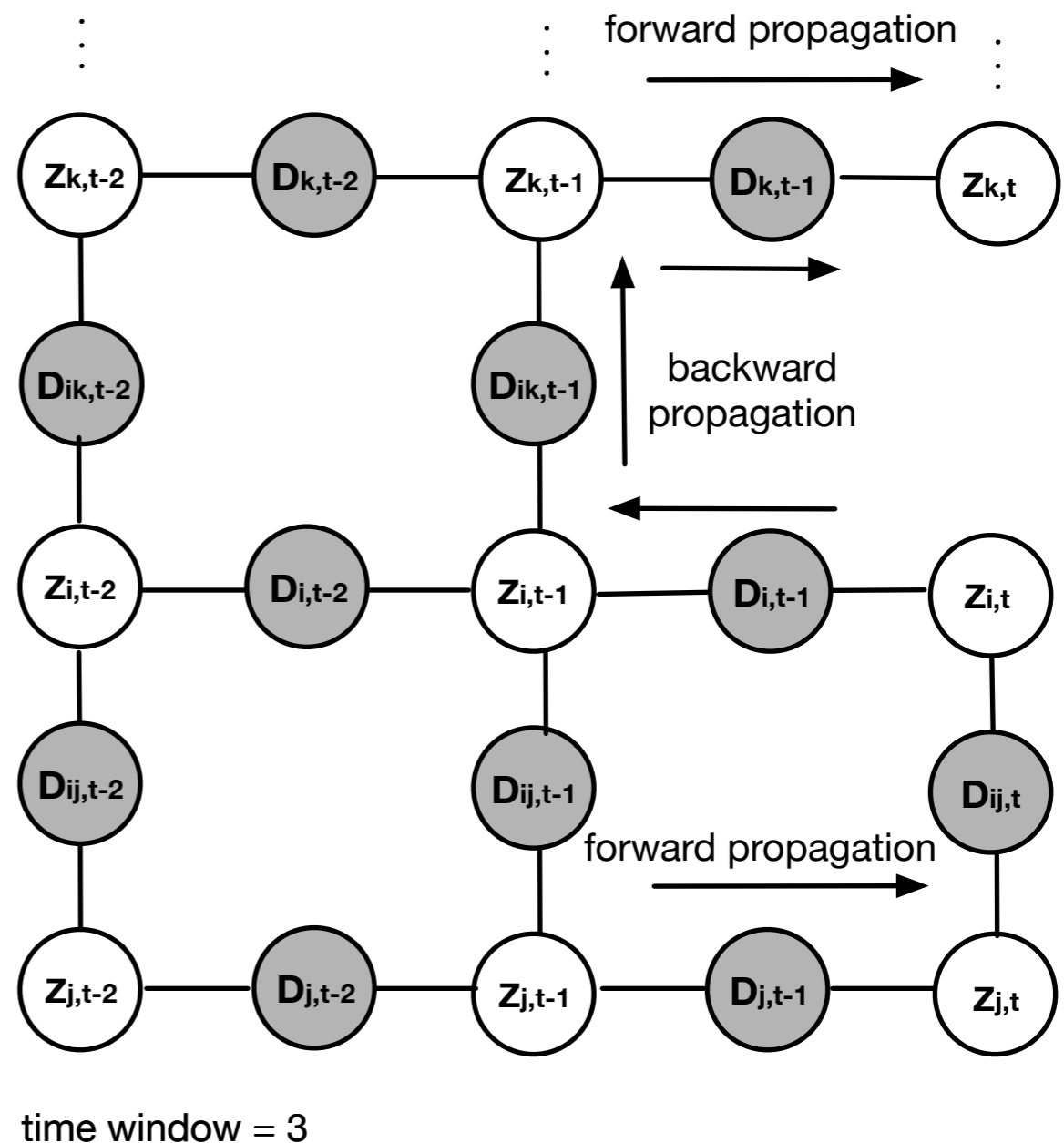
- ▶ Expand the inference to incorporate each node's **history**.



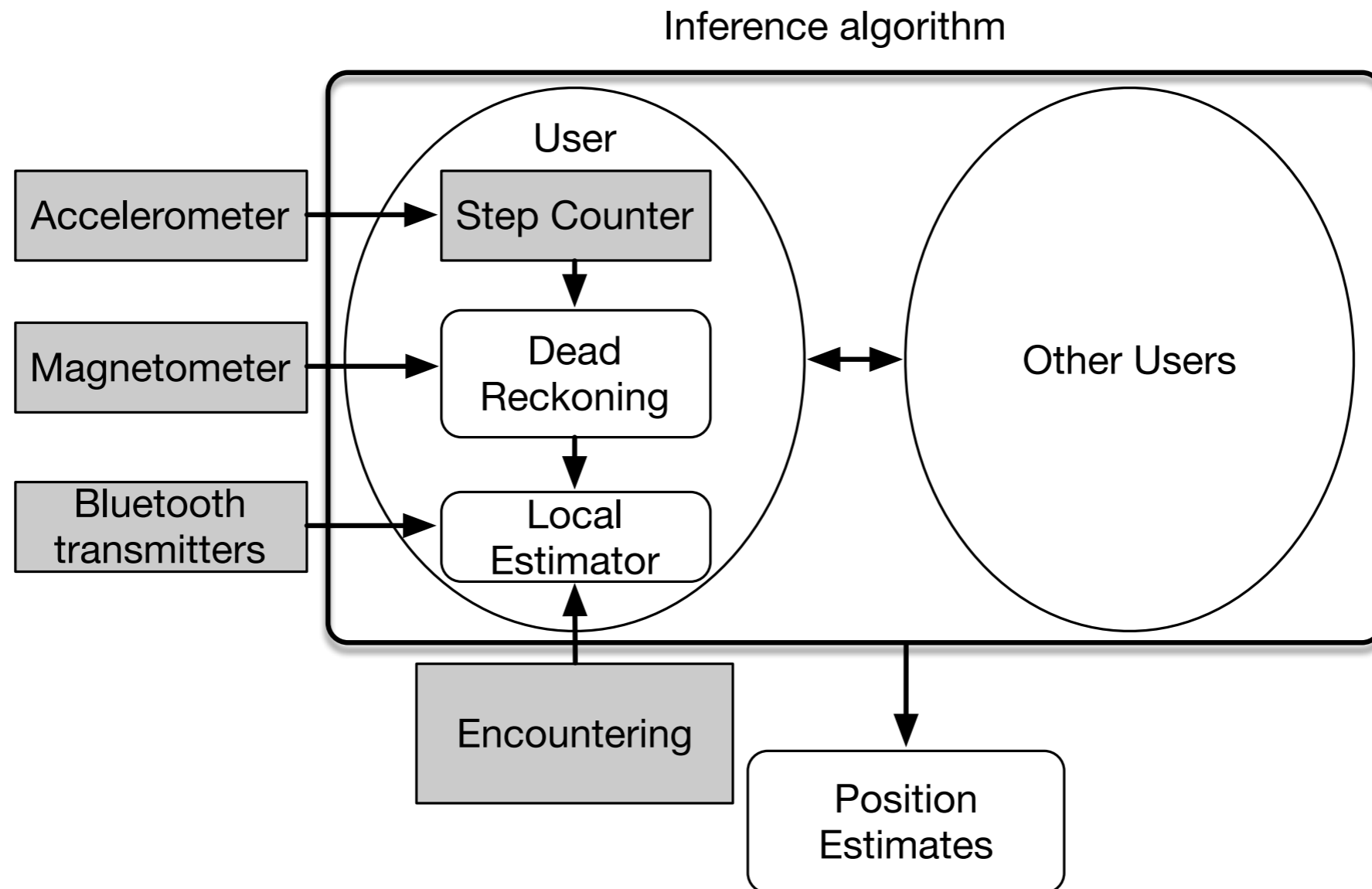
time window = 3

Probabilistic Inference

- ▶ We not only estimate **current** locations, but also correct **history** locations.
- ▶ The **more** information included, the more **accurate** localization.



Architecture



With code-level optimization, common smartphones can support our algorithm.

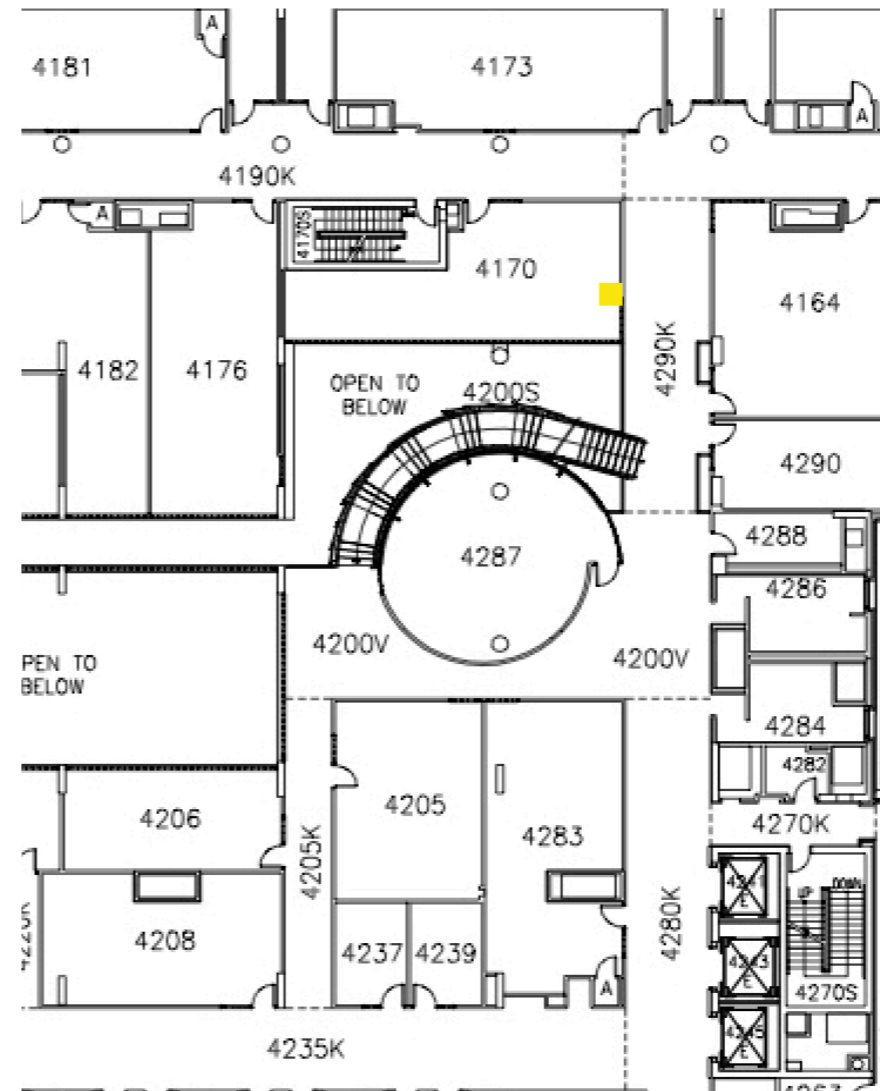


29.1, 14.2

Position (x, y)

444 **0** **18**
Steps **Report** **Weight**

Map

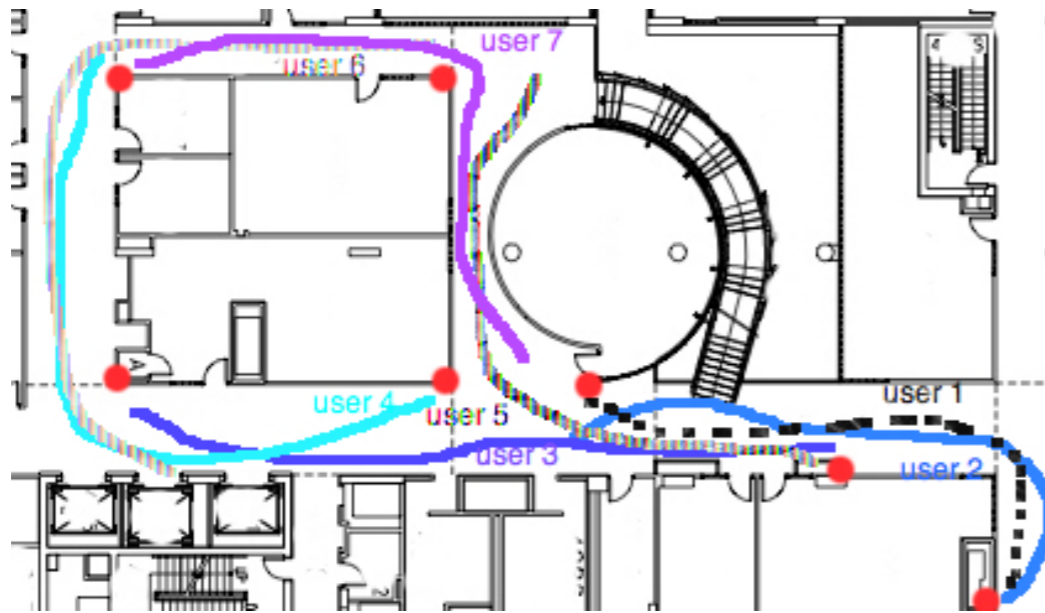


Quit

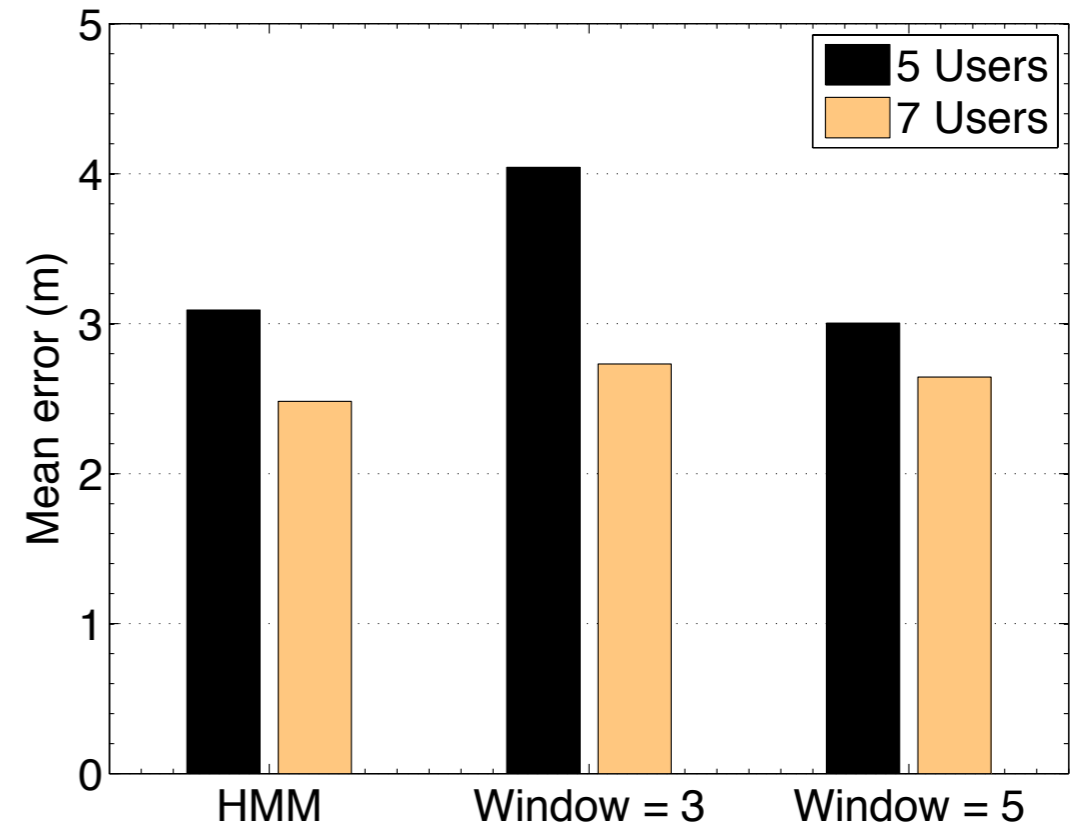
Run on iOS.

User Interface

Experiment Setting: 7 beacons, 7 users



Mean Error for All Users in Different Settings.



Mean/(STD)	WiFi	1 User	4 Users	7 Users	10 Users
1%-dropping time (s)	80.62	198.33	185.0	172.25	153.75
Localization latency (s)	-	0.34/0.14	0.44/0.11	0.58/0.13	0.73/0.18

Results

Tested on iPhone 6S.

Tack: Takeaway

- ▶ inexpensive (< 10\$ transmitter costs, > 2 years)
- ▶ accurate (2~4m)
- ▶ energy-saving (40% less smartphone battery)
- ▶ easy to deploy

Thank you!

Any questions?

